

1. Letter
2. Handwritten
3. February 7, 1882
4. E.W. Knight wrote the document and the letter is from E.W. Knight to U.S, Attorney General.
5. The Historical Document was written for U.S. Attorney General.

6. African descent shall be provided for in separate schools.

Rules and regulations that apply to white children's schools also apply to colored children's schools.

E.W. Knight thought that the country shouldn't be allowing the schools to separate children do to their color because that would be going against the 14th Amendment.

I think that this document was written to not allow "colored" children to be forced to go to different schools.

7. An example of the document being written for E.W. Knight to contact U.S. Attorney General is in the final paragraph as stated "Law is carried out and if substantial and equal school privileges are extended under the above law, is it a question that comes in violation of 14th Amendment." (Letter from E.W. Knight to U.S. Attorney General)
8. "Colored" children weren't treated equally.
9. Schools did not allow "colored" children to attend white schools.

10. How were “colored” people brought into Montana?